



MFDA Investor Protection Corporation
Corporation de protection des investisseurs de l'ACFM

2022



ANNUAL REPORT

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INFORMATION ABOUT THE MFDA INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION

The MFDA Investor Protection Corporation (the "MFDA IPC") is a not-for-profit corporation established by the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada (the "MFDA") to administer an investor protection fund ("Fund") for the benefit of clients of mutual fund dealers that are members of the MFDA ("Member Firms"). The Fund protects client assets held by a Member Firm from an eligible loss in the event that the Member Firm becomes insolvent.

The MFDA is the sole self-regulatory organization that is the sponsor of the MFDA IPC. The MFDA IPC began offering coverage on July 1, 2005. At June 30, 2022, 85 mutual fund dealers across Canada participated in the Fund. The MFDA IPC operates in all provinces except Quebec, which has its own compensation fund.

MFDA IPC COVERAGE

The MFDA IPC covers customers who incur a loss of their assets as a result of the insolvency of a Member Firm in accordance with its Coverage Policy. Loss of customer assets may take the form of shortfalls in the amount and type of assets which are held by the Member Firm at the time of insolvency. The MFDA IPC's objective is, subject to the terms of its Coverage Policy, to return assets to customers or compensate customers when the assets are not available because the Member Firm has become insolvent.

Coverage is available in the amount of up to \$1 million for each of a customer's general and separate accounts. Most customers will have two "accounts" for coverage purposes, one account that represents the aggregate of their trading accounts (general account) and one account that represents the aggregate of their registered retirement accounts, such as RRSPs and RIFs (separate account). Securities, cash and other property of the customer that are unavailable due to the insolvency of the Member Firm are covered by the MFDA IPC.

Losses eligible for coverage by the Fund must be financial losses caused by the insolvency of a Member Firm. These losses must arise from the failure of the Member Firm to return or account for property of the customer held by or in the control of the insolvent Member Firm including the conversion of such property. Customer losses which do not result from the insolvency of a Member Firm such as losses that result from changing market value of securities, unsuitable investments or the default of an issuer of securities, are not covered.

The MFDA IPC's coverage of losses sustained by customers of insolvent Member Firms is within the discretion of the MFDA IPC. The Coverage Policy that has been adopted to describe the way in which such discretion is intended to be exercised to determine whether a customer is eligible for protection and the amount of that protection is available on the MFDA's website at <https://mfda.ca/mfda-investor-protection-corporation/>.

FUND RESOURCES

The MFDA IPC is funded through the levy of quarterly assessments on Member Firms. The balance of the Fund stood at \$53.4 million as of June 30, 2022. Member Firms are assessed annually as approved by the Board of Directors of both the MFDA and the MFDA IPC. The 2022 annual assessments totaled \$1.5 million and were allocated among the membership.

In addition to the annual assessments, the MFDA IPC maintains a credit facility of \$30 million with a Canadian chartered bank which is guaranteed by the MFDA. Additionally, the MFDA IPC has arranged insurance in the amount of \$20,000,000 for any one loss and in the annual aggregate, in respect of losses to be paid by the MFDA IPC between \$30,000,000 and \$50,000,000 in the event of MFDA member insolvency. The insurance policy represents an additional resource to the MFDA IPC in providing coverage. Commencing in 2021, the MFDA IPC arranged a second layer of insurance in the amount of \$20,000,000 for any one loss and in the annual aggregate, in respect of losses to be paid by the MFDA IPC between \$50,000,000 and \$70,000,000 in the event of a MFDA member insolvency.

YEAR IN REVIEW

MFDA IPC continued its focus on investor protection throughout 2022 while working collaboratively with the Canadian Investor Protection Fund ("CIPF") to advance the CSA's initiative to consolidate by way of amalgamation the two organizations into one ("New IPF") as outlined in CSA Position Paper 25-404, New Self-Regulatory Organization Framework published on August 3, 2021. The initiative to consolidate MFDA IPC with CIPF is being undertaken in support of the CSA's initiative to establish a new single, enhanced self-regulatory organization ("SRO") which will continue to be independent from the investor protection fund. While there will be one organization going forward, separate coverage pools will be maintained initially and New IPF will conduct an analysis of insolvency risks for the different types of dealers. The effective date of the amalgamation of MFDA IPC with CIPF is expected to be January 1, 2023.

There were no new Member Firm insolvencies in fiscal 2022.

BOARD INITIATIVES FISCAL 2022

Throughout fiscal 2022 the Board of Directors (the "Board") continued its work to ensure that the MFDA IPC is able to fulfill its mandate. Key Board initiatives included:

- Overseeing and advancing the CSA's initiative to consolidate the two investor protection funds into one
- Overseeing the enhancement of the annual review of the Fund size and monitoring the ongoing stability of the Fund
- Overseeing the continued enhancement of its Enterprise Risk Management program
- Conducting a New Director Orientation session for new directors
- Advancing the MFDA IPC's approach to risk management
- Conducting quarterly reviews of investments
- Conducting the annual review and renewal of excess fund insurance
- Conducting the annual review and renewal of the credit facility

The Board met eleven times during fiscal year 2022, including seven special meetings relating to the CSA's consolidation initiative.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

BALANCE SHEET

The balance in the Fund stood at \$53.4 million as at June 30, 2022, as compared to \$53.1 million at June 30, 2021, an increase of \$0.3 million over the previous year.

Total assets of \$53.6 million are comprised primarily of investments of \$52.6 million. Investments are recorded at amortized cost except for mutual funds which are recorded at fair value. The MFDA IPC's Investment Policy requires that all investments are debt instruments issued by Canadian or provincial governments or Canadian or provincial Crown corporations or corporate fixed income investments (for a portion of the portfolio). A portion of the portfolio is kept in short-term instruments to ensure liquidity.

REVENUES AND EXPENSES

The MFDA IPC's excess of revenues over expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$0.3 million. Operating expenses for the year were \$1.3 million, excluding the amalgamation costs relating to personnel, professional fees and director fees of \$0.7 million.

The MFDA IPC's chief source of revenue is Member Firm assessments, which are calculated based on the amount of assets under administration ("AUA") under the Member Firm's control. Each year, the fees are reset based on updated reports of AUA numbers. The MFDA IPC 2022 annual regular assessments to Member Firms totaled \$1.5 million. The replenishment assessment ended on December 31, 2020.

Investment income for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$0.8 million, a decrease from the previous year's amount of \$1.5 million due to market declines and lower returns.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK FOR FISCAL 2023

Assessment revenue is expected to be approximately \$1.5 million in fiscal 2023 comprised of the annual regular assessment. Investment income at amortized cost is forecasted at \$1.2 million due to the continued increase in Fund size and the reinvestment of funds at higher rates.

The Fund's regular fiscal 2023 operating expenses are forecasted to be approximately \$1.4 million. Additional expenses in the amount of \$0.7 million, including legal and consulting fees, are also expected to be incurred in connection with the proposed consolidation of the MFDA IPC into the New IPF.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the
MFDA Investor Protection Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the **MFDA Investor Protection Corporation** [the "MFDA IPC"], which comprise the balance sheet as at June 30, 2022, and the statement of operations and changes in unrestricted fund balance and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the MFDA IPC as at June 30, 2022, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the MFDA IPC in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – proposed amalgamation

We draw attention to note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the proposed amalgamation of the MFDA IPC with another organization effective January 1, 2023. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Annual Report prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the MFDA IPC's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going

concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the MFDA IPC or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the MFDA IPC's financial reporting process.

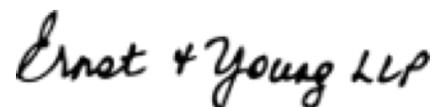
Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the MFDA IPC's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the MFDA IPC's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the MFDA IPC to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Toronto, Canada
September 12, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation

Balance sheet

As at June 30

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Assets		
Cash	384,078	315,290
Investments, at cost (Note 3)	45,711,371	45,468,528
Investments, at fair value (Note 3)	6,894,108	6,913,378
Assessments receivable from MFDA (Note 4)	15,894	31,605
Interest receivable	145,931	143,180
Prepaid expenses	403,626	408,773
	53,555,008	53,280,754
Liabilities and fund balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	157,708	105,712
Provision for claims and related expenses (Note 8)	-	23,843
Due to MFDA (Note 5)	17,269	30,462
Total liabilities	174,977	160,017
Fund balance		
Unrestricted	53,380,031	53,120,737
	53,555,008	53,280,754

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Board:

“Dawn Russell”

Director

“Sean Etherington”

Director

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation

Statement of operations and changes in unrestricted fund balance

Year ended June 30

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Assessments of MFDA members	1,463,762	2,100,492
Investment and other income (Note 7)	830,590	1,455,762
	2,294,352	3,556,254
Expenses		
Bank, line of credit and insurance premiums (Note 6)	626,025	553,439
Personnel (Notes 1 and 5)	572,111	310,048
Professional fees (Note 1)	509,845	69,782
Investment management fees	128,539	129,483
Directors fees and expenses (Note 1)	113,260	80,229
MFDA support charges (Note 5)	67,800	67,800
Other operating costs	17,478	16,387
	2,035,058	1,227,168
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	259,294	2,329,086
Unrestricted fund balance, beginning of year	53,120,737	50,791,651
Unrestricted fund balance, end of year	53,380,031	53,120,737

See accompanying notes

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation

Statement of cash flows

Year ended June 30

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	259,294	2,329,086
Add (deduct) items not involving cash		
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	410,238	(200,522)
Realized loss on investments	2,609	3,865
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	96,524	94,037
	768,665	2,226,466
Changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations		
Assessments receivable from MFDA	15,711	149,748
Interest receivable	(2,751)	(4,438)
Prepaid expenses	5,147	(186,618)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	51,996	11,530
Provision for claims and related expenses	(23,843)	(2,772)
Due to MFDA	(13,193)	(2,567)
Cash provided by operating activities	801,732	2,191,349
Investing activities		
Purchase of investments	(15,289,793)	(12,560,468)
Proceeds from maturities and sales of investments	14,556,849	10,421,302
Cash used in investing activities	(732,944)	(2,139,166)
Net increase in cash during the year	68,788	52,183
Cash, beginning of year	315,290	263,107
Cash, end of year	384,078	315,290

See accompanying notes

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation

Notes to the financial statements

June 30, 2022

1. ORGANIZATION

The purpose of the MFDA Investor Protection Corporation [the "MFDA IPC" or the "Corporation"] is to administer an investor protection fund for the benefit of clients of mutual fund dealers that are members of the Mutual Fund Dealers Association of Canada ["MFDA"]. The MFDA IPC protects client assets held by a MFDA member firm in the event that the member firm becomes insolvent. The Securities Commissions approved the creation of the MFDA IPC in May 2005, and the MFDA IPC began offering coverage on July 1, 2005.

The MFDA IPC was incorporated without share capital on November 14, 2002, under Part II of the Canada Corporations Act and continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on February 19, 2014.

The MFDA IPC is a not-for-profit organization and, under the Income Tax Act (Canada), is exempt from income taxes.

On August 3, 2021, the Canadian Securities Administrators ["CSA"] announced its plan to create a new, single self-regulatory organization ["SRO"] that will provide enhanced regulation of the investment industry. The new SRO, as described in the publication of CSA Position Paper 25-404, *New Self-Regulatory Organization Framework*, will consolidate the functions of the MFDA and the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada. This CSA initiative will also combine the two existing investor protection funds – the MFDA IPC and the Canadian Investor Protection Fund – into an integrated fund independent of the new SRO. The effective date of the amalgamation of the two funds is expected to be January 1, 2023. Costs related to the amalgamation include personnel, professional fees and directors' fees of \$659,778 [2021 – nil] and are being expensed as incurred.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part III of the *CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting*, which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations in Canada and includes the significant accounting policies summarized below.

Revenue recognition

The MFDA IPC follows the deferral method of accounting in the preparation of its financial statements.

The MFDA IPC's assessment dues of MFDA members are recognized as the services are rendered. Investment income consists of interest, dividends, income distributions from mutual funds, amortization of bond discounts/premiums and realized and unrealized gains and losses. Investment income is recorded in the statement of operations and changes in unrestricted fund balance as earned.

Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant area requiring the use of estimates is the provision for claims and related expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and balances with banks and excludes cash balances in investment accounts, which are presented as investments.

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation
Notes to the financial statements
June 30, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

Investments recorded at fair value consist of investments in mutual funds and any investments in fixed income securities and equities not quoted in an active market that the Corporation designates upon purchase to be at fair value. Transaction costs are recognized in the statement of operations and changes in unrestricted fund balance in the period during which they are incurred.

Investments in fixed income securities and equities not quoted in an active market and not designated to be measured at fair value are initially recorded at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment.

All transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

Other financial instruments, including cash, assessments receivable from MFDA, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to MFDA, are recorded at fair value and are subsequently measured at cost, net of any provisions for impairment.

Provision for claims and related expenses

Provision for claims from clients of insolvent MFDA members is made when the MFDA IPC is notified of potential claims and the MFDA IPC makes a determination that the claims are eligible under its coverage policy. Provision for related expenses including trustee's fees, legal fees, consulting fees and other administrative costs is made when a reasonable estimate of the cost to administer the potential claims can be made. No amounts are provided as a contingency to cover possible losses and client claims for claims not yet reported.

3. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of the following:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Investments at fair value		
Cash	277,254	56,021
Treasury bills	2,587,728	2,599,298
Mutual funds	4,029,126	4,258,059
	6,894,108	6,913,378
Investments at amortized cost		
Bonds	45,711,371	45,468,528
	52,605,479	52,381,906

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation
Notes to the financial statements
June 30, 2022

The treasury bills and bonds have a remaining term to maturity as follows:

	Remaining term to maturity			2022
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Treasury bills	2,587,728	-	-	2,587,728
Provincial bonds	4,558,060	4,469,814	17,618,055	26,645,929
Canada Housing Trust bonds	-	14,566,067	4,499,375	19,065,442
	7,145,788	19,035,881	22,117,430	48,299,099

4. ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE FROM MFDA

The assessments to MFDA members billed by MFDA are due to the MFDA IPC upon collection by MFDA. The amount of \$15,894 [2021 – \$31,605] represents outstanding amounts from MFDA members on billings due as at June 30, 2022.

5. DUE TO MFDA

Due to MFDA includes support costs payable and amounts reimbursable for costs paid by MFDA on the MFDA IPC's behalf.

MFDA provides the MFDA IPC administrative, corporate secretarial and other support to allow the MFDA IPC to operate without its own support staff. The MFDA IPC and MFDA have entered into a support agreement to define these areas of assistance. The amount of support costs for the year was \$67,800 [2021 – \$67,800]. The MFDA IPC and MFDA have also entered into an accounting services agreement for a cost of \$26,575 [2021 – \$44,605]. These costs were recorded at the agreed-upon amount in the statement of operations and changes in unrestricted fund balance. Payments were made on a quarterly basis. The accounting services agreement was terminated effective December 31, 2021.

6. CREDIT FACILITIES AND EXCESS FUND INSURANCE

The MFDA IPC has been granted a credit facility limited to a maximum of \$30 million [2021 – \$30 million] by the Royal Bank of Canada [the "RBC"]. The credit facility, in combination with the investments accumulated by the MFDA IPC, exists to provide protection to customers of members of the MFDA in the event of loss resulting from an insolvency of an MFDA member. The MFDA has guaranteed the \$30 million line of credit to the RBC in the event of default. To date, no amount has been drawn on the line of credit.

As at June 30, 2022, the interest rate is prime plus 0.75% per annum [2021 – prime plus 0.75% per annum]. In the absence of a drawdown, the RBC charges a standby fee on the credit line. This charge is included in bank charges in the statement of operations and changes in unrestricted fund balance in the amount of \$135,000 [2021 – \$135,000].

The MFDA IPC has arranged insurance in the amount of \$20,000,000 for any one loss and in the annual aggregate, in respect of losses to be paid by the MFDA IPC between \$30,000,000 and \$50,000,000 in the event of a MFDA member insolvency. The MFDA IPC has also arranged a second layer of insurance in the amount of \$20,000,000 for any one loss and in the annual aggregate, in respect of losses to be paid by the MFDA IPC between \$50,000,000 and \$70,000,000 in the event of a MFDA member insolvency.

MFDA Investor Protection Corporation
Notes to the financial statements
June 30, 2022

7. INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME

Investment and other income comprises the following:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Interest income	1,104,836	1,096,526
Accretion of the bond discounts and premiums	(96,524)	(94,037)
Distributions from mutual funds	211,282	256,616
Realized loss on investments	(2,609)	(3,865)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(410,238)	200,522
Recovery of provision (Note 8)	23,843	-
Total investment and other income	830,590	1,455,762

8. PROVISION FOR CLAIMS AND RELATED EXPENSES

As at June 30, 2022, there continued to be one member insolvency, W.H. Stuart Mutuals Ltd. The provision for claims and related expenses and the change in provision during the year and payments made for this insolvency are as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Provision balance, beginning of year	23,843	26,615
Payments during the year	-	(2,772)
Recovery of provision during the year (Note 7)	(23,843)	-
Provision balance, end of year	-	23,843

As at June 30, 2022, an accrual of nil [2021 – \$23,843] has been made for amounts expected to be paid to claimants.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management relates to the understanding and active management of risks associated with invested assets. Investments can be indirectly exposed to foreign currency, interest rate, market and credit risks. The MFDA IPC invests in treasury bills, bonds and mutual funds. The MFDA IPC's investment policy sets out highly rated federal and provincial government and Crown corporation bonds as the allowable bonds for the MFDA IPC bond portfolio. Only federal and provincial notes are allowable for treasury bill investments. The MFDA IPC's investments in mutual funds are limited to 10% of the overall market value of the portfolio. The MFDA IPC's investment policy sets limits on the exposure to individual investments, such as limiting the maximum portfolio exposure to a single province to 20%.

Risks that are relevant to the MFDA IPC are as follows:

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the MFDA IPC will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The MFDA IPC is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and provision for claims and related expenses. The MFDA IPC manages liquidity risk by ensuring there is sufficient cash available to meet its commitments and holding assets that can be readily converted into cash. In addition, the MFDA IPC has a line of credit available with the RBC (Note 6).

Interest rate risk

The MFDA IPC is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its investments in fixed income and mutual funds that hold fixed income securities because the fair value will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. In addition, the MFDA IPC is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its operating line of credit because cash flows will fluctuate because the interest rate is linked to the bank's prime rate, which changes from time to time. The MFDA IPC does not engage in activities to mitigate this risk, as it intends to hold the bonds to maturity and mutual funds for the long term. The MFDA IPC has not drawn on the line of credit.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss due to a counterparty failing to meet its contractual obligations. The MFDA IPC is exposed to credit risk indirectly through its investments in bonds, treasury bills and mutual funds. Credit risk is managed for these funds by limiting exposure to any single counterparty to a small percentage of net assets and by following the investment policy described above. Limiting the majority of investments to Canadian federal and provincial government bonds and notes and federal and provincial Crown corporation bonds help to mitigate the credit risk by investment in high-grade bonds.

As at June 30, 2022, the MFDA IPC's bonds are held with a major Canadian chartered bank.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to the individual investment or factors affecting all securities traded in the market. This risk is mitigated by the MFDA IPC's policy of diversification of the investment portfolio. Market risk is considered to be minimal.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The MFDA IPC Board of Directors is comprised of three Public Directors and two Industry Directors.

Public Directors

Professor Dawn Russell, Q.C., Chair
President & Vice-Chancellor
St. Thomas University

Donald G. Murray, LL.B., B.A.
Former CEO and Chair
Manitoba Securities Commission

Walter A. Pavan, CPA, CA
Corporate Director and Former Executive
Bank of Nova Scotia

Industry Directors

Sean Etherington, MSM, CIM
President
Assante Wealth Management (Canada) Limited

André Langlois, FSA, FCIA
President
Desjardins Financial Security Investments Inc.

Officers

Odarka Decyk, CPA, CA
President

Marco Wynnyckyj
Corporate Secretary

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